

# DISTINCTNESS OF THE "LIFTED" KLOOSTERMAN SUMS OVER THE PRIME FIELD $\mathbb{F}_p$

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ABSTRACT. In this talk I consider the Kloosterman sums over the finite field  $\mathbb{F}_q$  of characteristic  $p$ , defined by

$$\mathcal{K}_q(u) = \sum_{x \in \mathbb{F}_q^*} \omega^{Tr(x+ux^{-1})},$$

where  $\omega = e^{\frac{2\pi i}{p}}$  is a primitive  $p$ -th root of unity, and  $Tr(a)$  is the absolute trace of  $a \in \mathbb{F}_q$  over  $\mathbb{F}_p$ .

The focus of special attention are the so-called "lifted" Kloosterman sums over  $\mathbb{F}_q$  (see, [1]), i.e.,  $\mathcal{K}_{q^n}(u)$ ,  $u \in \mathbb{F}_q$ , where  $\mathbb{F}_{q^n}$  is the finite field of order  $q^n$ ,  $n > 1$ .

It is well-known that the Kloosterman sums play an important role in algebraic coding theory and cryptography (see, e.g., the surveys [2]-[3]).

Firstly I clashed with them in the problem of enumerating the elements of a finite field having prescribed trace and co-trace:

<https://arxiv.org/pdf/1711.08306.pdf>

The issue of their distinctness is considered and partly solved for the first time by Benjamin Fisher in 1992 [4]. In particular, this author has proved that fact for the simplest sums, i.e., over the prime fields.

Recently, in a personal communication with us, Daqing Wan has announced that as a co-product of his research [5] (based on deep algebraic number theory such as Stickelberger's theorem) it follows the distinctness of "lifted" Kloosterman sums over any prime field  $\mathbb{F}_p$  whenever the extension degree is not a multiple of  $p$ . This statement generalizes our result for the fields whose extension degree is a power of 2:

<https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s12095-020-00443-1>

Here I am giving a proof for the distinctness of the "lifted" Kloosterman sums over  $\mathbb{F}_3$  for any degree of extension thus improving Wan's result in case  $p = 3$ .

I believe that (jointly with Y. Borissov), we have found a proof that all "lifted" Kloosterman sums over each prime field of characteristic  $\geq 3$  and any extension degree, are distinct. In the final slides I present some arguments concerning this fact which is to be elaborated in a future work.

## REFERENCES

- [1] L. Carlitz, "Kloosterman sums and finite field extensions", Acta Arithmetica vol. XVI.2 (1969), pp. 179-193.
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- [4] B. Fischer, "Distinctness of Kloosterman sums", Contemporary Mathematics, vol. 133 (1992), pp. 81-102.
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